## IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA CHARLESTON DIVISION

Roemain Jamil Brunson,	) Case No. 2:24-cv-05441-JDA
Petitioner,	)
V.	OPINION AND ORDER
Warden, Evans Correctional Institution,	) ) )
Respondent.	) ))

This matter is before the Court on a Report and Recommendation ("Report") of the Magistrate Judge. [Doc. 28.] In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b) and Local Civil Rule 73.02(B)(2), D.S.C., this matter was referred to United States Magistrate Judge Mary Gordon Baker for pre-trial proceedings.

Petitioner's pro se petition requesting a writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254 was docketed on September 30, 2024. [Doc. 1.] On March 10, 2025, Respondent filed a motion for summary judgment. [Doc. 23.] The next day, this Court issued an Order pursuant to *Roseboro v. Garrison*, 528 F.2d 309 (4th Cir. 1975), advising Petitioner of the summary judgment/dismissal procedure and the possible consequences if he failed to respond adequately. [Doc. 24.] On April 16, 2025, the Court entered an Order allowing Petitioner to respond to the summary judgment motion by April 28, 2025, and advising him that if he failed to respond, his action would be recommended for dismissal with prejudice pursuant to Rule 41(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. [Doc. 26.] When Petitioner did not file a response, the Magistrate Judge, on May 2, 2025, issued a Report recommending that this action be dismissed for failure to prosecute.

[Doc. 28.] The Magistrate Judge advised Plaintiff of the procedures and requirements for filing objections to the Report and the serious consequences if he failed to do so. [*Id.* at 3.] Petitioner did not file objections to the Report, and the time to do so has lapsed.

The Magistrate Judge makes only a recommendation to this Court. The recommendation has no presumptive weight, and the responsibility to make a final determination remains with the Court. See Mathews v. Weber, 423 U.S. 261, 270–71 (1976). The Court is charged with making a de novo determination of any portion of the Report of the Magistrate Judge to which a specific objection is made. The Court may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the recommendation made by the Magistrate Judge or recommit the matter to the Magistrate Judge with instructions. See 28 U.S.C. § 636(b). The Court will review the Report only for clear error in the absence of an objection. See Diamond v. Colonial Life & Accident Ins., 416 F.3d 310, 315 (4th Cir. 2005) (stating that "in the absence of a timely filed objection, a district court need not conduct a de novo review, but instead must only satisfy itself that there is no clear error on the face of the record in order to accept the recommendation" (internal quotation marks omitted)).

The Court has reviewed the record in this case, the applicable law, and the Report of the Magistrate Judge for clear error. Having done so, the Court accepts the Report and Recommendation of the Magistrate Judge and incorporates it by reference. Accordingly, this action is DISMISSED with prejudice pursuant to Rule 41(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. As a result, Respondent's motion for summary judgment [Doc. 23] is FOUND AS MOOT.

## **CERTIFICATE OF APPEALABILITY**

The governing law provides that:

(c)(2) A certificate of appealability may issue . . . only if the applicant has made a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right.

(c)(3) The certificate of appealability . . . shall indicate which specific issue or issues satisfy the showing required by paragraph (2).

28 U.S.C. § 2253(c). A petitioner satisfies the standard by demonstrating that reasonable jurists would find this Court's assessment of his constitutional claims debatable or wrong and that any dispositive procedural ruling by the district court is likewise debatable. See Miller-El v. Cockrell, 537 U.S. 322 (2003); Slack v. McDaniel, 529 U.S. 473 (2000); Rose v. Lee, 252 F.3d 676, 683 (4th Cir. 2001).

In this case, the Court concludes that the legal standard for the issuance of a certificate of appealability has not been met. Therefore, a certificate of appealability is denied.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

<u>s/ Jacquelyn D. Austin</u> United States District Judge

May 30, 2025 Charleston, South Carolina